

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper for the guidance of teachers

### 9701 CHEMISTRY

**9701/32**

Paper 32 (Advanced Practical Skills 2),  
maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Question	Sections	Indicative material	Mark
1 (a)	PDO layout	I Constructs a table for results (minimum of 3 results).	1
	PDO recording	II Appropriate headings and units for data given. Volume/V in $\text{cm}^3$ or / $\text{cm}^3$ or ( $\text{cm}^3$ ) Time/t in seconds or / s or (s)	1
	PDO recording	III All times recorded to the nearest second.	1
	MMO decision	IV 3 additional volumes chosen with intervals not less than $2.00 \text{ cm}^3$ and all volumes of <b>FB 1</b> greater than or equal to $6.00 \text{ cm}^3$	1
	MMO collection	V In all 3 additional experiments water is added to make a total of $20.00 \text{ cm}^3$	1
	MMO quality	Round times to nearest second. VI + VII Compare time for $20.00 \text{ cm}^3$ of <b>FB 1</b> with that of supervisor. VIII + IX Compare time for $10.00 \text{ cm}^3$ of <b>FB 1</b> with that of supervisor. The range for award of 1 or 2 depends on the supervisor value.  Supervisor value: < or = 15 δ for 2 is 2 and for 1 is 4 16 to 30 δ for 2 is 3 and for 1 is 6 31 to 45 δ for 2 is 4 and for 1 is 8 46 to 60 δ for 2 is 5 and for 1 is 10 > 60 δ for 2 is 6 and for 1 is 12	2
			[9]
(b)	PDO display	(i) Working to show $\text{ans} = 1 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol}$ . Expression and answer.	1
	ACE interpretation	(ii) $0.5 \times \text{ans}$ to (i) = $5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol}$ AND (iii) $2 \times \text{ans}$ to (ii) = $1 \times 10^{-4}$	1
	PDO display	(iv) $(1 \times 10^{-4}) / 0.060 = 1.67 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$ .	1
			[3]
(c)	ACE interpretation	Minimum of 4 results – rate correctly calculated in each case using $\text{ans} \times (b)(iv) \times 10^6 / \text{time}$ (or $2.25 \times 10^{-3}$ ). Min 2 s.f. rounded correctly.	1
	PDO recording	Units for rate given as $\text{mol dm}^{-3} \text{s}^{-1}$	1
			[2]

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Question	Sections	Indicative material	Mark
(d)	PDO layout	<p>I Rate on <math>y</math>-axis and volume on <math>x</math>-axis. Axes clearly labelled</p> <p>II Linear scale chosen to use at least half of each axis (need not include 0,0) If no point at 0, 0 cannot count for &gt; half.</p> <p>III Plotting of points. Minimum of 3 readings.</p> <p>IV Draws a line of best fit. Minimum of 4 readings including 0, 0 (if plotted).</p>	1 1 1 1
(e)	ACE conclusion	<p>Rate is (directly) proportional to <math>\text{Fe}^{3+}</math> concentration. Rate increases as concentration (volume) increases would score one</p>	2 [2]
(f)	ACE	<p>(i) <math>2 \times 0.05 / 0.1</math> <math>0.10 / 20.00 \times 100 = 0.5\%</math> 0.25 scores 1 mark. No ecf.</p> <p>(ii) Difficult to judge colour change / measurement of reaction time / some thiosulfate reacting with acid / formation of (S) ppt / variation in T.</p>	1 1 1
	ACE improvement	(iii) Investigate reaction between $\text{Fe}^{3+}$ and $\text{S}_2\text{O}_3^{2-}$	1 [4]
(g)	ACE conclusion	(ii) Thiosulfate concentration / number of moles / volume is halved (1) Time is shorter / reaction is faster with less thiosulfate (1) ora.	2 [2]
		<b>[Total: 26]</b>	

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Question	Sections	Indicative material	Mark
<b>FB 5</b> = $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ ; <b>FB 6</b> = $\text{K}_2\text{CrO}_4$ ; <b>FB 7</b> = $\text{BaCl}_2$ ; <b>FB 8</b> = $\text{Pb}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ ; <b>FB 9</b> = $\text{NaNO}_2$			
2 (a)	MMO collection	Orange solution (1)  White ppt and (white ppt in RH column)  Yellow/cream ppt (1)	White ppt (1)  Yellow ppt (1)  White ppt (1) [5]
Ignore excess of any reagent.			
(b)	ACE conclusion	$\text{Pb}^{2+}$ in <b>FB 8</b> <b>AND</b> $\text{Ba}^{2+}$ in <b>FB 7</b>  $\text{H}^+$ in <b>FB 5</b> <b>AND</b> $\text{CrO}_4^{2-}$ in <b>FB 6</b>  $\text{SO}_4^{2-}$ in <b>FB 5</b> <b>AND</b> $\text{Cl}^-$ in <b>FB 7</b>	1  1  1 [3]
(c)	MMO decision  MMO decision  PDO recording  MMO collection  MMO collection  ACE conclusion	I <b>Warms</b> with $\text{NaOH}$ and $\text{Al}$ in (i).  II   Adds named (dilute) acid in (ii).  III   Presents observations in a single table – no extra reagents in (iii).  IV   Ammonia / gas turns litmus blue in (iii). If ammonia mentioned first, assume it is the gas that affects the litmus.  V   Brown fumes (of $\text{NO}_2$ ) / gas that turns blue litmus red in (iii).  VI   nitrite (needs evidence).	1  1  1  1  1 [6]
	[Total: 14]		