

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/23

Paper 2 (AS Structured Questions), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

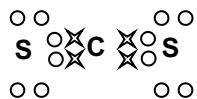
Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2013	9701	23

1 (a) (i)



S atom has 6 **and** C atom has 4 electrons (1)

S=C double bonds (4 electrons) clearly shown (1)

(ii) linear **and** 180° (1) [3]

(b) (i) $\text{CS}_2 + 3\text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{CO}_2 + 2\text{SO}_2$ (1)

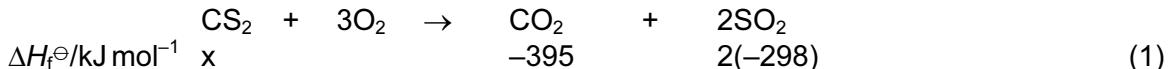
(ii) enthalpy change when 1 mol of a substance (1)

is burnt in an excess of oxygen/air

or is completely combusted

under standard conditions (1) [3]

(c)



$$\Delta H_{\text{reaction}} = -395 + 2(-298) - x = -1110 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1} \quad (1)$$

$$\text{gives } x = -395 + (-596) + 1110 = +119 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1} \quad (1) \quad [3]$$

(d) (i) $\text{CS}_2 + 2\text{NO} \rightarrow \text{CO}_2 + 2\text{S} + \text{N}_2$

or



correct products (1)

correct equation (1)

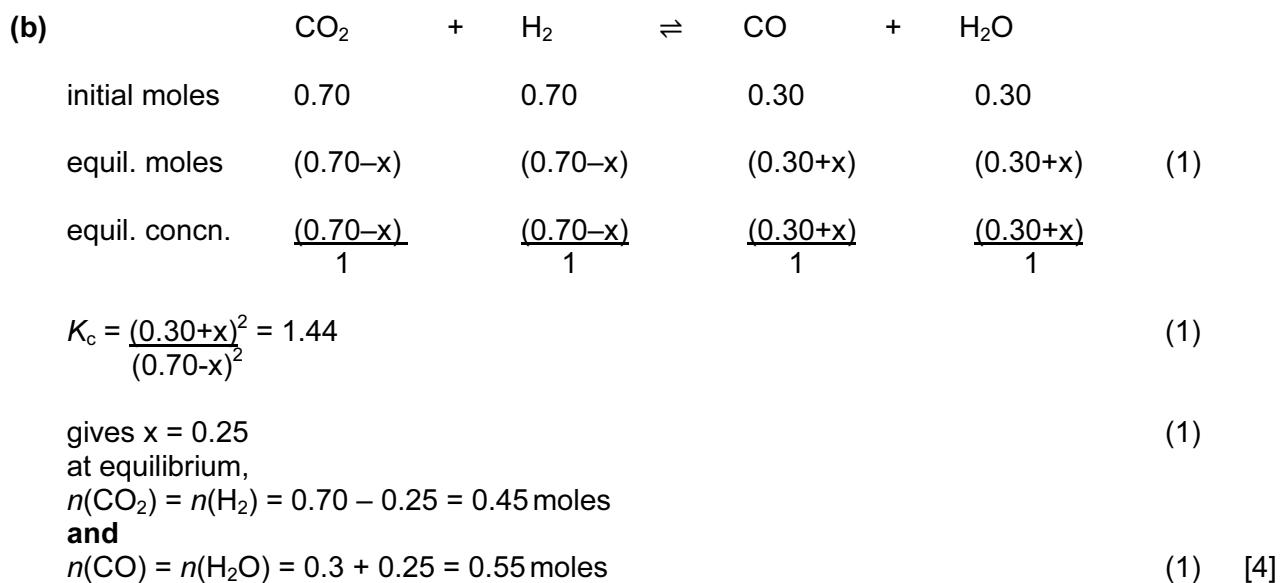
(ii) from -2 to 0 **both** required (1) [3]

[Total: 12]

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2013	9701	23

2 (a) (i) if the conditions of a system in equilibrium are changed (1)
 the position of equilibrium moves so as to reduce that change (1) [2]

(ii) lower temperature (1)
 because the forward reaction is exothermic (1)
 higher pressure (1)
 because the forward reaction shows a reduction in volume
 or
 there are fewer molecules/moles on RHS of equilibrium (1) [4]



[Total: 10]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2013	9701	23

3 (a) (i) He or Ne or Ar or Kr (1)

(ii) P or As (1)

(iii) Br (1)

(iv) Na allow Ar (1)

(v) Si (1)

(vi) P allow Si (1)

(vii) Cl or F or Br (1) [7]

(b) (i) any two from P_4O_6 , SO_2 and Cl_2O_7 (1+1)

(ii) Al_2O_3 or SiO_2 (1)

(iii) $MgSO_3$ (1) [4]

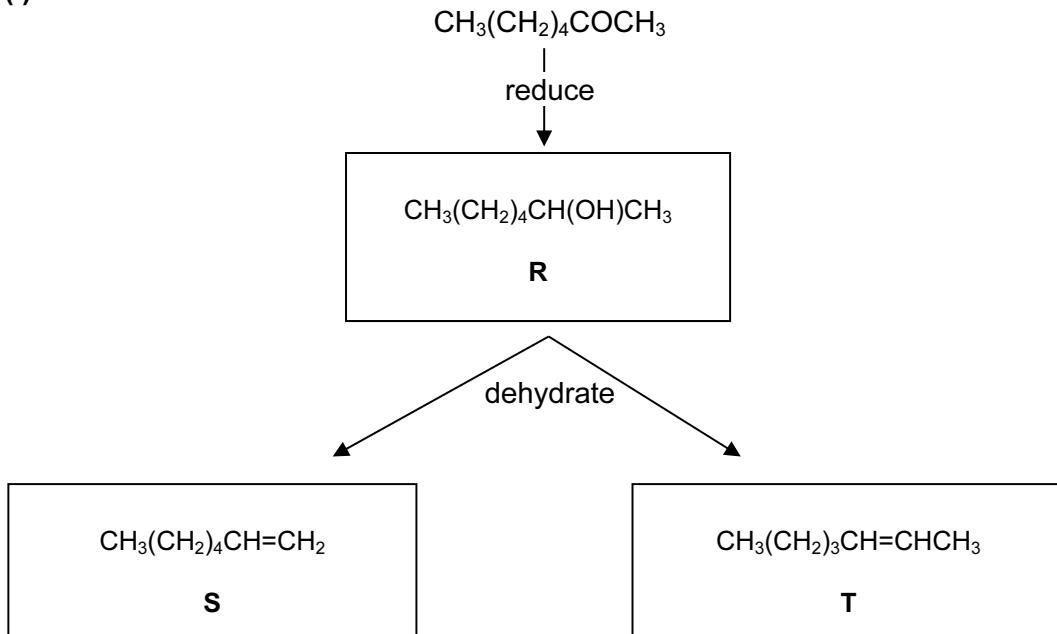
(c) (i) Si is giant molecular/giant covalent or
P, S, and Cl are simple molecular (1)

(ii) the molecules are S_8 , P_4 , Cl_2 (1)
larger molecules have more electrons (1)
and hence greater van der Waals' forces (1) [4]

[Total: 15]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2013	9701	23

4 (a) (i)



one mark for each correct compound, **R**, **S** and **T**

allow correct *cis* and *trans* versions of compound **T** for 2 marks (3 × 1)

(ii) reduction

NaBH_4 or LiAlH_4 or H_2/Ni or $\text{Na/C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$ (1)

dehydration

$\text{P}_4\text{O}_{10}/\text{P}_2\text{O}_5$ or H_3PO_4 or conc. H_2SO_4 or Al_2O_3 (1) [5]

(b)

Tollens' reagent	NO REACTION
HCN	$\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_4\text{C(OH)CH}_3$ CN
$\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7/\text{H}^+$	NO REACTION

one mark for each correct answer (3 × 1) [3]

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2013	9701	23

(c) Na_2CO_3 or NaHCO_3 effervescence/colourless gas
 or
 Na colourless gas
 or
 $\text{PCl}_3/\text{PCl}_5$ etc. steamy fumes
 or
 $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}/\text{conc. H}_2\text{SO}_4$ sweet smell of ester
 or
 $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7/\text{H}^+$ orange solution becomes green

correct reagent (1)

correct observation (1) [2]

[Total: 10]

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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5 (a) (i) $\text{CH}_2=\text{CHCO}_2\text{H}$ (1)

(ii) $\text{BrCH}_2\text{CHBrCH}_2\text{OH}$ (1)

(iii) product is $\text{HOCH}_2\text{CH(OH)CH}_2\text{OH}$
correct addition across $>\text{C}=\text{C}<$ (1)
original $-\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ remains (1)

(iv) $\text{HO}_2\text{CCO}_2\text{H}$ (1) [5]

(b) (i) nucleophilic substitution (1)

(ii) oxidation (1) [2]

(c) (i) **step I**
 H_2 (1)
heat with Ni catalyst (1)

step II
acidified $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$ (1)
heat **or** distil off product (1)

(ii) structural isomerism
or
functional group isomerism (1) [5]

(d) **both** oxidation **and** reduction have occurred **or**
disproportionation has taken place (1) [1]

[Total: 13]